

"HYDROGEN: THE SECRET INGREDIENT TO LONGEVITY?

TYLER W. LEBARON

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF

MOLECULAR HYDROGEN INSTITUTE



The Basics

Q

Pd

Pł

Molecular Hydrogen

HOPEHCLATURE - MOLECULAR HURBOGH TOTEGLE AR HEIGHT - 2.0 6 6/101 8010 B16821 - 15251 hidnic sheat - H RITORIC BRDILLS -FORTLLR - He BOHD ORDER -------Ru WERE PRESSED - PRESS (911 HEHT OF VIPORIZITION - 0.9 KLVIDL



B

In



H₂ gas suppressed cell death of the brain due to cerebral infarction

(there is no effect with helium gas) $0\% H_2^2 gas 2\%$



Dead area in rat brain

medicine

Hydrogen acts as a therapeutic antioxidant by selectively reducing cytotoxic oxygen radicals



Hydrogen-rich water Parkinson's disease Fu, Y., et al. "Molecular hydrogen is protective against 6hydroxydopamine-induced nigrostriatal degeneration in a rat model of Parkinson's disease." *Neuroscience letters* 453.2 (2009): 81 & PLoS One. 2009 Sep 30;4(9):e7247

Control water

H₂ water



Hydrogen gas from bacteria exerts therapeutic biological effects

- 1988: Hypothesized that hydrogen from bacteria could be therapeutic
- 2009: Confirmed by a report from the Forsyth Institute in Boston and the University of Florida



Neale, R.J. Medical Hypotheses, 1988. 27(1): p. 85-87
Kajiya, M., et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 2009. 386(2): p. 316-321.



Molecular hydrogen has been shown to be therapeutic in over 170 different human and animal disease models and essentially every organ of the human body.





Methods of Administration

- Inhalation of hydrogen gas
- Hyperbaric hydrogen chamber
- Hydrogen-rich saline injection
- Taking a hydrogen water bath
- Ingestion of hydrogen-rich water









Pharmacokinetics

H₂ breath ppm vs. dosage







Rapid diffusion Small molecule

HydrophobicNo byproduct (water)



Ohta, S. (2012). Biochimica et Biophysica Acta (BBA)-General Subjects, P820(5), 586



Free radical/antioxidant marketing







Conventional antioxidants may negate exercise benefits



Author information ► Article notes ► Copyright and License information ►



Signal transduction

- Immunity
- Vasodilation
- Activation of transcription factors

Y. Collins, et al. J Cell Sci. 125.4 (2012): 801-806

Benefits of ROS (Free Radicals)

Reactive oxygen species (ROS) as redox signals to and from mitochondria



[©]J. Cell Sci. (2012) 125, 801-806



*Review of

studies show

these markers

are altered by

H₂ administration

Hydrogen ameliorates oxidation

Markers of oxidative stress		Markers of antioxidant status			
MDA	\checkmark	Superoxide Dismutase (SOD)	1		
TBAR	\checkmark	Glutathione (GSH)	1		
8-OHdG	\checkmark	Catalase (Cat)	\uparrow		
HNE	\checkmark	Glutathione peroxidase(GPx)	1		
Protein carbonyl	\checkmark	Glutathione S-transferase (GST)	1		
dROM	\checkmark	Glutathione reductase	\uparrow		
13-HODE	\downarrow	Total Antioxidant Status (TAC)	\uparrow		

MOLECULAR HYDROGEN INSTITUTE

Hydrogen gas can activate the Nrf2 pathway, leading to increased production of SOD, GSH, CAT, etc.



H. Chen, et al. Int Immunopharmacol 28.1 (2015): 643

3

J.Yu, et al. Toxicology letters 238.3 (2015):



H₂ prevents ROS formation by cell modulation

Fig. is example only.

1. Tomohiro, et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 411.1 (2011): 143-149.

S. Yasunori, et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 375.3 (2008): 346-350.







Qion, Liren, et al. "Radioprotective effect of hydrogen in cultured cells and mice." Free radical research 44.3 (2010): 275-282.



MOLECULAR HYDROGEN INSTITUTE

Superiority of Hydrogen compared to other antioxidants

S NCBI Resources 🖸 H	Resources 🗹 How To 🔍			
Publiced.gov US National Library of Medicine National Institutes of Health	PubMed	C Advanced	Sea	
Abstract -			Send to: -	

J Assist Reprod Genet, 2014 Jan;31(1):109-14. doi: 10.1007/s10815-013-0102-2. Epub 2013 Nov 13.

Long-term treatment of hydrogen-rich saline abates testicular oxidative stress induced by nicotine in mice.





Perhaps the reason H_2 exerts a biological effect is because H_2 has been intimately involved in:

- The origins of the Universe
- The genesis of life
- The evolution of eukaryotes (plant & animal cells)







Oxidative stress





Reductive stress



Zhang X, Min X, Li C, et al. Involvement of reductive stress in the cardiomyopathy in transgenic mice with cardiac-specific overexpression of heat shock protein 27. Hypertension. 2010;55: 1412-1417.



Both oxidative and reductive stress can occur simultaneously in the same cell



Cirstein, J. The EMBO Journal (2015) 34: 2334–2349







Kamimura, N., et al. Obesity 19.7 (2011): 1396-1403.





Therapeutic potential of molecular hydrogen in ovarian cancer

Lei Shang^{1,2#}, Fei Xie^{1,2#}, Jiala Li^{1,2}, Yating Zhang^{1,2}, Mengyu Liu^{1,2}, Pengxiang Zhao^{1,2}, Xuemei Ma^{1,2}, Tyler W. Lebaron³





SCIENTIFIC **Reports**

OPEN Molecular hydrogen increases resilience to stress in mice

Qiang Gao¹, Han Song², Xiao-ting Wang², Ying Liang², Yan-jie Xi², Yuan Gao², Qing-jun Guo³, Tyler LeBaron⁴, Yi-xiao Luo⁵, Shuang-cheng Li⁶, Xi Yin⁷, Hai-shui Shi² & Yu-xia Ma¹

Likely mediated by inhibiting the hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal axis and inflammatory responses to stress.



Hydrogen helps prevent autism

	S NCBI Resources 🖸	How To 🖂		
	-			
	PMC	PMC S		
US National I	US National Library of Medicine National Institutes of Health		Advanced	Journal list

Journal List > Front Behav Neurosci > v.12; 2018 > PMC6087877



Front Behav Neurosci. 2018; 12: 170. Published online 2018 Aug 6. doi: [10.3389/fnbeh.2018.00170] PMCID: PMC6087877 PMID: <u>30127728</u>

Hydrogen-Rich Water Ameliorates Autistic-Like Behavioral Abnormalities in Valproic Acid-Treated Adolescent Mice Offspring

Qingjun Guo,^{1,†} Xi Yin,^{2,†} Meng Qiao,^{3,†} Yujiao Jia,³ Dandan Chen,³ Juan Shao,⁴ Tyler W. Lebaron,⁵ Yuan Gao,^{6,7} Haishui Shi,^{6,7,8,9,*} and Bin Jia^{7,10,*}

- Front Ben



Sympathetic nerve activation and mood/anxiety (K6) were decreased by HRW



Hydrogen-rich water for improvements of mood, anxiety, and autonomic nerve function in daily life



MOLECULAR HYDROGEN INSTITUTE

Hydrogen ameliorates inflammation

- Arthritis
- Pancreatitis
- Hepatitis
- Asthma
- Colitis
- Sepsis
- Pain

Xie, Keliang, et al. Shock 34.5 (2010): 495 Hong, Y.et al. : Exp Ther Med 11.6 (2016): 2590.



INFLAMMATION!







Post-Cardiac Arrest









Nishimaki, K., et al 2017. Current Alzheimer research.

Graphical abstract

Subjects with MCI carrying the APOE4 genotype were improved in ADAS-cog by drinking H_2 -dissolved water for 1 year as assessed by a randomized double-blind placebo-controlled clinical study.

	S NCBI Resources I How To I					
	Pub	PubMed	0			
	US National Library of Medicine National Institutes of Health		Advanced			
MOLECULAR HYDROGEN INSTITUTE						

Format: Abstract +

 \bigcirc

Send to +

J Stroke Cerebrovasc Dis. 2017 Nov;26(11):2587-2594. doi: 10.1016/j.jstrokecerebrovasdis.2017.06.012. Epub 2017 Jun 29.

Hydrogen Gas Inhalation Treatment in Acute Cerebral Infarction: A Randomized Controlled Clinical Study on Safety and Neuroprotection.

Ono H¹. Nishijima Y². Ohta S³. Sakamoto M². Kinone K². Horikosi T². Tamaki M⁴. Takeshita H². Eutatuki T². Ohishi W². Ishiguro T². Okamoto S². Ishii S². Takanami H⁵.

Author information

Abstract

BACKGROUND: Molecular hydrogen (H₂) acts as a therapeutic antioxidant. Inhalation of H₂ gas (1-4%) was effective for the improvement of cerebral infarction in multiple animal experiments. Thus, for actual applications, a randomized controlled clinical study is desired to evaluate the effects of inhalation of H₂ gas. Here, we evaluate the H₂ treatment on acute cerebral infarction.

METHODS: Through this randomized controlled clinical study, we assessed the safety and effectiveness of H₂ treatment in patients with cerebral infarction in an acute stage with mild- to moderate-severity National Institute of Health Stroke Scale (NIHSS) scores (NIHSS = 2-6). We enrolled 50 patients (25 each in the H₂ group and the control group) with a therapeutic time window of 6 to 24 hours. The H₂ group inhaled 3% H₂ gas (1 hour twice a day), and the control group received conventional intravenous medications for the initial 7 days. The evaluations included daily vital signs, NIHSS scores, physical therapy indices, weekly blood chemistry, and brain magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) scans over the 2-week study period.

RESULTS: The H₂ group showed no significant adverse effects with improvements in oxygen saturation. The following significant effects were found: the relative signal intensity of MRI, which indicated the severity of the infarction site, NIHSS scores for clinically quantifying stroke severity, and physical therapy evaluation, as judged by the Barthel Index.

CONCLUSIONS: H₂ treatment was safe and effective in patients with acute cerebral infarction. These results suggested a potential for widespread and general application of H₂ gas.



Copyright © 2017 The Authors Terms and Conditions









 \bigcirc

Journal of Stroke and Cerebrovascular Diseases 2017 26, 2587-2594DOI: (10.1016/j.jstrokecerebrovasdis.2017.06.012) Copyright © 2017 The Authors <u>Terms and Conditions</u>



We need more studies

- Elucidate molecular mechanisms
- Which diseases most effective
- Dosing protocol/strategies
- Concentration

 \bigcirc

- Method of administration (comparisons)
 - Inhalation
 - Drinking
 - Intravenous
 - Bathing



